

The following is a guide for monitoring input assignments.

Monitor Input #1

This input provides the source for all national and state level EAS messages. On the national level, KOB-AM are the Primary Entry Points, designated as the P.E.P. stations. On the state level, the distribution of all Oregon State's emergency and test messages to the broadcasting community in the State of Oregon occurs through a various networks of radio and television stations all eventually connected to KOPB-TV, Portland. They are either designated as the SP-1 or SRN stations. Monitoring any of OPB's radio or television affiliates will enable you to receive any national level or State of Oregon's Emergency messages and / or tests (RMTs). In order to receive these required signals use one of the following sources.

KOPB-TV Channel 10, Portland, Oregon (SP)

KOAC-AM 550 KHz., Corvallis, Oregon (SR)

KOB-AM 670 KHz., Boise, Idaho (Northern Mauler and Southern Baker Counties) (SP)

Any OPB Television and / or Radio affiliates (SR)

Medford's King Mountain 166.25 MHz. State Relay Network transmitter. (SR)

KSYS-TV Ch. 8 Medford or any KSYS-TV translator. (SR)

The KWAX-FM Networks.

Monitor Input #2

This input provides the source of all local level messages. They are designated the Local Primary stations. The LP-1 and / or LP-2 station(s) monitored are determined by the local plans monitoring assignments. It is through these stations the local emergency officials gain access and can generate emergency and test messages. Also as these stations are monitoring the state relay network through which national and state level emergencies and tests are broadcast, this input will provide a second method of obtaining the messages in the event a state relay source is not available. In order to receive these required signals use one of the following sources.

The designated LP-1 or LP-2 station in your area.

The local relay network as outlined in you local operational plan.

Monitor Input #3

This input provides the source of all weather emergencies and tests. The provider of these messages is the "National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration" (N.O.A.A.) This agency maintains a network of weather radio transmitters throughout the state. It is through this service that weather related emergencies and tests are broadcast.

The LP-1 and SP-1 or SR-1 station in your area will also be monitoring the NOAA weather radio. Weather messages received by these stations will also be relayed. In the event that weather radio reception is not possible, using a station that can receive weather radio will still enable the reception of emergency and test messages.

In order to receive these messages, monitor the following:

The weather radio channel designated by your local plan for your area.
In Oregon the weather radio transmitters will be on one of these five frequencies:
162.400 MHZ., 162.550 MHZ., 162.475 MHZ., 162.550 MHZ., or 162.425 MHZ.

Monitor Input #4

This input can provide sources of EAS messages to back up the Primary monitoring assignments. Examples of these sources can be any one or more of the following:

A designated LP-2, or SR-2 station as outlined in your Local Operational Area Plan. These stations are designated to back up the delivery of EAS messages and tests in the event of the failure of the LP-1, SP-1 or SR-1 station's ability to deliver them.